

NAME:

DATE:

**A2.Q2.BERMELLEEMBO: SOLVING QUADRATIC EQUATIONS BY MIXED METHODS**

**DAY EQ5  
(EQUATIONS)**

**REVIEW**

Solve the equation by using the **factoring method (EQ1)**. BOX YOUR ANSWER

1.  $2x^2 - 3x = 5$

ALSO CIRCLE: A. TWO REAL SOLUTIONS    B. ONE REAL REPEAT SOLUTION    C. NO REAL SOLUTIONS

Solve the equation by using the **graphing method (EQ3)**. BOX YOUR ANSWER

2.  $x^2 + x = 6$  *Be sure to draw a quick sketch to support your answer(s).*

ALSO CIRCLE: A. TWO REAL SOLUTIONS    B. ONE REAL REPEAT SOLUTION    C. NO REAL SOLUTIONS

Solve the equation by using the **formula method (EQ2)**. BOX YOUR ANSWER

3.  $5x^2 = 14x + 3$

ALSO CIRCLE: A. TWO REAL SOLUTIONS    B. ONE REAL REPEAT SOLUTION    C. NO REAL SOLUTIONS

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

**(EQ4)**

**QUADRATIC FORMULA:**  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

**4. GIVEN:**  $3x^2 + 7 = 5x$

**A. Find the value of the discriminant.**

**B. Use the value of the discriminant to determine the number and type of solutions.**

**C. Solve the given equation using the quadratic formula. Express your final answer in simplified form (no decimals).**

Solve the equation by using the **factoring method**. BOX YOUR ANSWER

5.  $3x^2 + 10x - 8 = 0$

ALSO CIRCLE: A. TWO REAL SOLUTIONS    B. ONE REAL REPEAT SOLUTION    C. TWO IMAGINARY SOLUTIONS

Solve the equation by using the **graphing method**. BOX YOUR ANSWER

6.  $x^2 + 8x + 16 = 0$

*Be sure to draw a quick sketch to support your answer(s).*

ALSO CIRCLE: A. TWO REAL SOLUTIONS    B. ONE REAL REPEAT SOLUTION    C. TWO IMAGINARY SOLUTIONS

Solve the equation by using the **formula method**. BOX YOUR ANSWER

7.  $9x^2 + 6x + 1 = 0$  (If there are two imaginary solutions, write your answers with  $i$ )

ALSO CIRCLE: A. TWO REAL SOLUTIONS    B. ONE REAL REPEAT SOLUTION    C. TWO IMAGINARY SOLUTIONS

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

8.  $3x^2 - x + 3 = 0$  (If there are two imaginary solutions, write your answers with  $i$ )

ALSO CIRCLE: A. TWO REAL SOLUTIONS    B. ONE REAL REPEAT SOLUTION    C. TWO IMAGINARY SOLUTIONS

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

9. Simplify the expression that includes the imaginary number  $i$

A.  $12i(5i)$

B.  $(3i + 4)(2i + 7)$