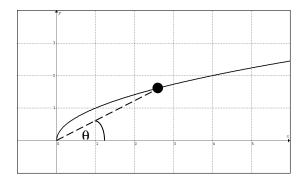
BC: Q103. PRACTICE EXAM

Section 3.7:

- 1*. Consider the curve C: $y^2 = x^2 x 8$.
- A. Find dy/dx
- B. Find the points on the curve C when y = 2.
- C. Find the equations of the respective tangent lines to the curve C at the points found in part B.
- D. Show that there are no horizontal tangents to the curve C.
- E. Find $d^2 y/dx^2$ (Do not simplified)
- F. Find $d^2 y/dx^2$ at the point (-3,-2) (Do simplify)
- 2. Find dy/dx if $x^3 xy^3 = 18xy$.
- 3*. Find dy/dx if $2\cos(xy^2) + y = x^2y$

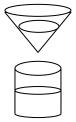
Section 4.6:

4*. A particle moves from left to right along the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$ in such a way that the *x*-coordinate increases at the rate of 8 m/s. How fast is the angle of inclination θ of the line joining the particle to the origin changing when x = 4?



5*. Coffee is draining from a conical filter (6 inch base and 6 inch height) into a cylindrical coffeepot (6 inch base) at the rate $10 \text{ in}^3/\text{min}$.

A. How fast is the level (height) in the cone falling at the moment when h = 5. B. How fast is the level (height) in the pot rising at the same moment?



6. A particle P(x,y) is moving in the coordinate plane in such a way that dx/dt = -1 m/sec and dy/dt = 5 m/sec. How fast is the particle's distance from the origin changing as it passes through the point (5, 12)?

Section 4.5:

7. Let *f* be a function with f(4) = 1.8 and $f'(x) = \sqrt{5+x}$. Use a linearization of *f* at x = 4 and use it to approximate f(4.2).

- 8. Estimate the change in $f(x) = x^3 + 2x$ as x decreases from 3 to 2.8
- 9. Estimate $\sqrt{8.9}$ using a linearization.